

Keeping Baby Healthy:

Fever in babies younger than 12 months old

Fever is a temperature that is higher than normal.

- Armpit temperature above 99° Fahrenheit
- Rectal temperature of 100.4° Fahrenheit or higher

Fever helps to tell you that something may be wrong with your baby. The degree of fever does not always tell you how sick your baby is. Babies may have a fever with a mild illness and no fever when they are very sick. How your baby looks and acts, when she is sick, is more important than her temperature.

How do I know when to check my baby's temperature?

Check your baby's temperature when:

- Baby feels hot.
- Baby's face is red.
- Baby does not eat or sleep as usual.
- Baby is fussier, crankier, or sleepier than usual.

Call your baby's health care provider as soon as possible if your baby is less than 3 months old and has a fever.

How should I take my baby's temperature?

- Take your baby's temperature under his armpit.
- Your baby's health care provider may ask you to take your baby's temperature in his rectum.

When should I try to lower my baby's temperature?

Fevers are a sign that the body is fighting an infection. The main reason to treat your baby is to make her feel better.

- If your baby acts okay, you do not usually need to give her medicine for a fever.
- When your baby is achy and fussy, you may want to give her some medicine for fever after talking with her doctor or nurse.
- Some common fever medicines are acetaminophen and ibuprofen.

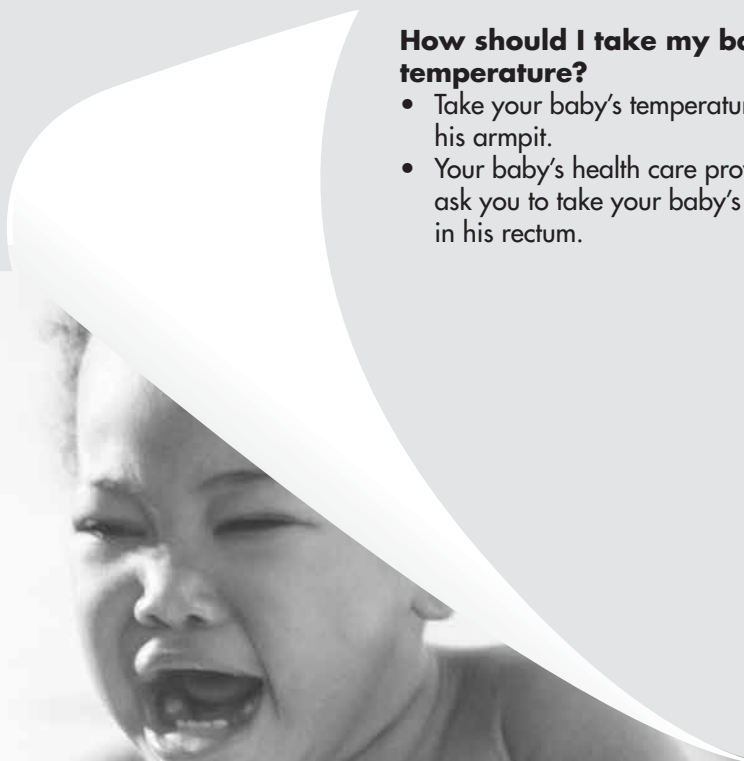
How much fever medicine should I give my child?

Ask your nurse to give you an Acetaminophen or Ibuprofen dosage chart. It will tell you how much medicine to give your baby based on his weight.

Fever medicine tips:

- Don't give more than 5 doses of any one medication in 24 hours.
- Carefully read how much fever medicine to give your baby. Make sure you are giving your baby enough, but not too much, medicine.
- Fill the dropper or medicine syringe to the right line.

Do NOT give your baby aspirin! Babies may get very sick when they take aspirin and have a virus.



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continued...

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What other things can I do to make my baby feel better?

- Watch your baby for other signs of illness.
- Breastfeed your baby often if you are breastfeeding.
- Offer breast milk or formula with a dropper if baby doesn't want to eat.
- Offer extra liquids, such as water or juice, if your baby is over six months old.
- Check the number of times your baby wets in 24 hours. Check diapers for heaviness and wetness.
- Your baby can have a short bath to get clean, but don't give him a bath to bring his fever down. Sometimes if the skin gets too cool, it may make the fever go up!
- Dress your baby in cool, cotton clothes.
- Keep your baby's room comfortably cool.
- If your baby gets cold and has chills, put a lightweight blanket on him. Take it off when the chills stop.
- Have your baby rest and play quietly.

When should I call my baby's health care provider?

- Call if your baby is less than 3 months old.
- Call if the temperature is 99° Fahrenheit (armpit) or above, even if your baby seems okay.

Also call if baby:

- Shows changes in behavior
- Has diarrhea
- Has a dry mouth
- Has fever that comes and goes over several days
- Has high-pitched crying
- Is pulling at ears
- Will not eat
- Is irritable
- Is pale
- Has a seizure or has had one before
- Has a skin rash or purple spots on skin
- Has sore or swollen joints
- Has a stiff neck
- Is unresponsive or limp
- Is Vomiting
- Is wheezing or has trouble breathing
- Is whimpering
- Has swelling of the soft spot on the head.
- Has fever for more than 24 hours.